



SUBLATA PHLOX, ETC., IN ROCKERY GARDEN.

Autumn Planting

EVERGREENS

HERBACEOUS PLANTS

TREES AND SHRUBS

STRAWBERRY PLANTS (POTS)

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY

NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

ROCK-CREST, ETC., IN ROCKERY GARDEN



Important to Purchasers.



The New Edgewood parkway bridge. Our nurseries are just beyond. See map on opposite page.

PRICES—NOTE CAREFULLY.

Single rate prices are for less than five of a kind.

Ten-rate prices are for five or more and less than twenty-five of a kind.

Hundred-rate prices are for twenty-five or more and less than 250 of a kind.

Thousand-rate prices are for 250 or more of a kind.

We cannot agree to fill small orders for a few of a kind for less than single rates, as it oftentimes takes one over many acres of ground to fill a single order, and the proportionate expense of dig-

ging and packing orders must be taken into account.

SPECIAL DISCOUNTS ON TREES AND PLANTS. To those who send us orders for less than five of a kind, shipped at the same time, amounting to the following:

| | |
|---|--|
| Orders amounting to \$10.00, a discount of 5% | } FROM SINGLE RATE CATALOG PRICES. |
| Orders amounting to \$30.00, a discount of 10% | |
| Orders amounting to \$50.00, a discount of 15% | |
| Orders amounting to \$75.00, a discount of 20% | |
| Orders amounting to \$100.00, a discount of 25% | |

Special discounts on larger orders. Send us list for estimates.

Trees and Plants individually selected at our nurseries or special quotations will be charged for according to quoted price *without discounts*.

TERMS. Cash in advance from unknown parties or satisfactory reference. We send invoice at time of shipment of order, and should any error be noticed on receipt of goods notify us immediately and we will do all in our power to rectify it.

HOW ORDERS ARE SHIPPED. We ship all large trees and other bulky orders, which are to go outside the city, by freight, unless otherwise requested. Medium sized orders can be shipped by express to advantage; this is especially advisable where immediate arrival is desired. All orders are delivered free to local freight, express companies and in the city. We are not liable for delays by forwarding parties. If stock is not promptly received notify us and we will trace.

PACKING. We make no charge for packing *excepting when stock is purchased at hundred-rate prices or in case of large bulky stock, or where we ship with carefully preserved balls of earth, etc., which necessitates devoting more time and packing material than is usual. In such instances a charge covering cost is made.*

HOW TO REACH US. Our nursery and office are located at EDGEWOOD. Edgewood Avenue, just beyond Edgewood Park. *See Guide Map on opposite page.*

EARLY ORDERS. To one familiar with the rush at the packing season, it must be obvious that it is impossible to fill an order requiring much time in its preparation on short notice without doing an injustice to others who have their orders previously booked. In fairness to all, we have adopted the practice of filling orders in the rotation received, unless orders are received far enough ahead of the packing season, with instructions to ship at a given date, so that we can arrange a special shipping date. So we again say—*place your order as far in advance as you possibly can, stating when you would like stock sent.*

IMPORTANT NOTE. During Fall and Spring there are intervals when it is quite impossible for us to devote as much time as we would like to showing parties about the nursery, as these are the most strenuous shipping periods of the entire year.

TRANSPLANTING DIRECTIONS. This pamphlet we are pleased to send on request.

Plant our Specimen Stock and gain immediate results. It has taken years to grow up these beautiful specimen trees and shrubs. They can be yours immediately.

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY
EDGEWOOD, Edgewood Avenue, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Nursery Department.



We grow and supply the best grade of nursery stock the market affords. Our facilities are very complete, every department being under efficient management. That our methods are meeting with popular favor is evidenced by the rapid growth our business enjoys. By purchasing from our Nurseries you are guaranteed *High Quality* stock. It is grown under most favorable conditions, dug and packed by skilled and careful workmen. Our nursery stock can be depended on to pro-

duce maximum results when planted under favorable conditions. The Nurseries are open to the public every day of the year, but positively no business will be transacted on Sunday.

Landscape Department.

Where *best* results are anticipated in Landscape and other Gardening work experience is a most important factor. Our landscape department is under well equipped and expert management. We are glad to offer suggestions without charge to intending purchasers, but where landscape problems require special visits, plans, specifications, etc., a charge is made consistent with value of services rendered. We will be pleased to take up this matter more fully with those who are interested. Ample reference from those who have employed us.

Inquire for our Cross-section Sketch-plan sheet. By sending us answers to a number of questions, we can give valuable suggestions and advice, for which there will be no charge.

Gardening Department.

We maintain a force of competent gardeners who can execute gardening work in a thorough and practical manner. Pruning and otherwise caring for established trees, vines, etc., is a special feature of our work, and one that an owner can afford to put into experienced hands *only*. Many trees whose worth cannot be counted in dollars, which are perishing from neglect, can be restored to health and given a new lease of life if given proper treatment.

We refer to many satisfied customers who have approved our planting plans, procured their stock from us and employed us to carry out the work. Genuine economy is many times gained by having all the work incidental to the carrying out of a landscape problem under one general supervision.



Choice and Rare Evergreens



The above illustration shows a handsome White Pine (*Pinus Strobus*) about 12 feet high, with ball of earth carefully secured with burlaps, just dug from a nearby block of fine specimens. We have a splendid lot of specimen evergreens, which have been so frequently transplanted that large balls of earth can be taken up with each tree. Immediate effects can be gained by using these specimen trees.

Why this Season

for Transplanting Evergreens?

All the Hardy Evergreens transplant to special advantage during early Autumn and with good balls of earth even late into the Fall. Early planting gives ample opportunity for the trees to become well-rooted before cold weather, without the exhaustion incident to new growth which quickly follows Spring planting.

This is especially true of Autumn planting when Evergreens are taken up with balls of earth, a practice we recommend. All our Evergreens have been specially prepared by root pruning so that they take up with a splendid system of roots. Every care is taken at the Nursery to provide against exhaustion during digging and transporting of all our stock, especially the Evergreens.

How to Ship Evergreens.

We recommend hauling by teams when delivery is within economical distance. Small orders to distant points can be boxed for shipping by freight or express, but where a number of specimen trees are to be sent, we advise shipping in bulk in car lots; this saves the cost of boxing and insures their arrival without injury. We gladly advise, if requested, the shipping method we recommend for individual shipments.

Prices of Evergreens.

See following pages for prices of the usual sizes. The prices of specimens will vary with each plant, as they vary greatly in individual merit. It is desirable to visit the nursery and make a personal selection, but where this is not practicable, we will gladly make selections for a customer.

Specimen Trees, Shrubs and Vines of extra size or unusual shapes. You may be in need of some-

thing very special for some particular location. From our extensive stock of specimens one can often find just what they need. If not practical to call personally, write us your requirements and we will correspond with you as to what we have which may be suitable.



Weeping Norway Spruce. No end of attractive effects can be procured with this evergreen.

Evergreen Trees.

We have followed a popular arrangement in making up this list; the botanical names you will also find alphabetically arranged.



Weeping Blue Spruce
A rare and charming form of this popular evergreen.

| | EACH. | PER 10. | PER 100. |
|--|---------|---------|----------|
| ABIES, see Fir. | | | |
| ARBORVITAE AMERICAN, (<i>Thuja Occidentalis</i>). | | | |
| Specimens, carefully trained, 3 to 20 feet, \$1.00 to | \$25.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Also known as 6 to 7 feet. | 2.00 | \$17.50 | ..... |
| White Cedar. All 5 to 6 feet. | 1.50 | 12.50 | ..... |
| things considered this 4 to 5 feet. | 1.25 | 9.00 | ..... |
| native evergreen and 3 to 4 feet. | 1.00 | 7.50 | \$60.00 |
| its numerous varieties 2 to 3 feet. | .75 | 6.00 | 40.00 |
| is among our most 8 to 12 inches. | .35 | 2.50 | 15.00 |
| useful of evergreens. | | | |
| Very easy to transplant and thriving on a great variety of soils, it is naturally in very great demand. Our stock, especially in the small and medium sizes, is very large. <i>Special prices for hedge plant grades.</i> | | | |
| ARBORVITAE AMERICAN VAR. GEO. PEABODY. | | | |
| Specimens, 4 to 7 feet, \$2.00 to | 10.00 | ..... | ..... |
| One of the best 3 to 4 feet. | 1.50 | 12.50 | ..... |
| golden forms, very 2 to 3 feet. | 1.00 | 7.50 | ..... |
| striking. | | | |
| ARBORVITAE AMERICAN VAR. GLOBE. | | | |
| Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.50 to | 10.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Develops into globe-like head, quite dwarf, seldom 18 to 24 inches. | 1.50 | 12.50 | ..... |
| getting to be more than three feet high. 12 to 18 inches. | 1.00 | 7.50 | ..... |
| 8 to 12 inches. | .50 | 3.50 | 25.00 |
| ARBORVITAE AMERICAN VAR. HOVEY'S. | | | |
| Specimens, 3 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to | 5.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Globular in form; foliage light green with a golden 2 to 3 feet. | 2.00 | ..... | ..... |
| tinge and very compact. | | | |
| ARBORVITAE AMERICAN VAR. PYRAMIDAL. | | | |
| Specimens, 4 to 10 feet, \$2.00 to | 20.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Pyramidal form, rich dark green foliage. Very use- 3 to 4 feet. | 1.50 | 12.50 | ..... |
| ful where a formal column of deep green is required. 2 to 3 feet. | 1.00 | 7.50 | 50.00 |
| This form is also very desirable for hedges, as its 1 to 2 feet. | .75 | 6.00 | 40.00 |
| habit is such that very little trimming is required. | | | |
| ARBORVITAE AMERICAN VAR. SIBERIAN. | | | |
| Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$2.50 to | 15.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Compact and dense of foliage, the color remains 3 to 4 feet. | 1.50 | 12.50 | ..... |
| quite a rich green throughout the year. One of the 2 to 3 feet. | 1.00 | 7.50 | ..... |
| best. 1 to 2 feet. | .50 | 4.00 | 35.00 |
| ARBORVITAE ORIENTAL (Thuja or Biota Orientalis). | | | |
| Specimens, 4 to 10 feet, \$2.00 to | 10.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Brilliant evergreens with close ascending branches of a fan-shaped appearance. | | | |
| ARBORVITAE ORIENTAL VAR. ELEGANTISSIMA. | | | |
| Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$3.00 to | 10.00 | ..... | ..... |
| More upright and pyramidal, the tips of new growth very brilliant yellow. | | | |
| ARBORVITAE STANDISH'S (Thuja or Thuyopsis Japonica). | | | |
| Specimens, 5 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to | 10.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Makes a very graceful medium-sized tree. 2 to 3 feet. | 2.00 | ..... | ..... |
| 1 to 2 feet. | 1.25 | 10.00 | 90.00 |
| <i>NOTE—We also have other varieties of Arborvitae. Many of them beautiful specimens. These should be seen to be appreciated.</i> | | | |
| BALSAM FIR, see Fir. | | | |
| BIOTA, see Arborvitae. | | | |
| BLUE SPRUCE, see Spruce. | | | |
| CEDAR (Red), see Juniper. | | | |
| CHAMAECYPARIS, see Cypress (Japan). | | | |
| CYPRESS, JAPAN (Chamaecyparis or Retinispora). | | | |
| The following are of moderate growth and some of them so dwarf in their nature as to never grow more than 2 or 3 feet tall. All are perfectly hardy, and for grouping, where a mass of low evergreen foliage is desired, they are not excelled. We have a large and varied collection, including many rare specimens imported from Japan direct. | | | |
| CYPRESS JAPAN (Obtusa) (Hinoki Cypress). | | | |
| Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to | 20.00 | ..... | ..... |
| A very beautiful species of evergreen of refined ap- 2 to 3 feet. | 1.50 | 12.50 | ..... |
| pearance, medium size, remaining green through the 1 to 2 feet | 1.00 | 7.50 | 50.00 |
| winter. | | | |
| <i>NOTE—The following forms of this species are all very desirable.</i> | | | |
| CYPRESS JAPAN (Obtusa) VAR. AUREA. | | | |
| Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$2.00 to | 10.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Similar to the above but the foliage is a rich yellow. 1 to 2 feet. | 1.00 | 8.00 | ..... |

"Our carload of trees selected last week reached us safely Saturday morning. We thank you for the excellent care they received before shipping."

| EVERGREEN TREES—Continued. | | EACH. | PER 10. | PER 100. |
|--|--|---------|------------|-------------|
| CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Obtusa</i>) VAR. NANA. Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to | | \$50.00 | ..... | ..... |
| The gem of the lot; compact form and deep green 18 to 24 inches. | | 2.50 | \$20.00 | ..... |
| foliage. This is the form the Japanese use in creat- 12 to 18 inches. | | 2.00 | 17.50 | 150.00 |
| ing their famous dwarfs (chabo-hiba). Imported and 8 to 12 inches. | | 1.00 | 8.00 | 75.00 |
| nursery grown. All interesting and some of great age. | | | | |
| CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Obtusa</i>) VAR. NANA AUREA..... 18 to 20 inches. | | 2.00 | 17.50 | ..... |
| Like the preceding except that the foliage is light 15 to 18 inches. | | 1.50 | 12.50 | ..... |
| green tipped with golden. 12 to 15 inches. | | 1.00 | 8.00 | 60.00 |
| 8 to 12 inches. | | .75 | 6.00 | 40.00 |
| CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) (Sawara Cypress). Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$2.50 to | | 10.00 | ..... | ..... |
| The pea-fruited species of the Japan Cypress. Very 30 to 36 inches. | | 2.00 | 18.00 | ..... |
| hardy and graceful, medium size trees. 24 to 30 inches. | | 1.25 | 9.00 | ..... |
| 18 to 24 inches. | | .75 | 6.00 | ..... |
| CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. AUREA. Specimens, 3 to 6 feet, \$3.00 to | | 12.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Foliage light green tipped with golden yellow. 2 to 3 feet. | | 1.75 | 15.00 | ..... |
| CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. NANA VARIEGATA. 12 to 18 inches. | | 1.50 | ..... | ..... |
| A very dwarf form with a mixture of white. | | | | |
| CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. FILIFERA..... 4 to 15 feet, \$5.00 to | | 50.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Interesting form with thread-like branchlets, form- 3 to 4 feet. | | 2.00 | 17.50 | ..... |
| ing a shower-like effect of green. One of the best, 2 to 3 feet. | | 1.50 | 12.50 | 80.00 |
| developing rapidly into a beautiful plant. 1 to 2 feet. | | 1.00 | 7.50 | 60.00 |
| CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. FILIFERA AUREA. 3 to 4 feet. | | 4.00 | ..... | ..... |
| A rare and beautiful golden form of preceding. 2 to 3 feet. | | 3.00 | 25.00 | ..... |
| 18 to 24 inches. | | 2.00 | 18.00 | ..... |
| CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. PLUMOSA. Specimens, 2 to 10 feet, \$2.50 to | | 50.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Dwarf green form; very bushy and, if trimmed, can 18 to 24 inches. | | 2.00 | ..... | ..... |
| be made almost any form Very much used in formal 12 to 18 inches. | | 1.50 | 12.50 | ..... |
| garden work. Its graceful, delicate foliage appeals to 8 to 12 inches. | | .75 | 5.00 | 40.00 |
| everyone. 6 to 8 inches. | | .50 | 3.50 | 25.00 |
| CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. PLUMOSA AUREA. Specimens, 2 to 15 feet, \$2.50 to | | 50.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Similar to the preceding form, but with a rich, 18 to 24 inches. | | 1.50 | 12.50 | ..... |
| warm golden foliage. 12 to 18 inches. | | 1.00 | 7.00 | ..... |
| 8 to 12 inches. | | .75 | 5.00 | 40.00 |
| CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. PLUMOSA ARGENTEA. Specimens, 15 to 18 inches, \$2.00 to | | 10.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Very like preceding, but even more compact. New 12 to 15 inches. | | 1.50 | 12.50 | ..... |
| growth silver tipped, producing a strong contrast with 8 to 12 inches. | | 1.00 | 6.00 | 40.00 |
| the older growth. 6 to 8 inches. | | .50 | 3.50 | 25.00 |
| CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. PLUMOSA VARIE- GATA 18 to 24 inches. | | 1.50 | 12.50 | ..... |
| Similar to the three preceding forms in habit of 12 to 18 inches. | | 1.00 | 7.00 | ..... |
| growth; deep green, freely mixed with fine white. 8 to 12 inches. | | .75 | 6.00 | 40.00 |
| CYPRESS JAPAN (<i>Pisifera</i>) VAR. SQUARROSA VEITCHII. Specimens, 2 to 5 feet, \$1.50 to | | 10.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Charming form, with a compact, feathery growth of 18 to 24 inches. | | 1.00 | 8.00 | ..... |
| a bluish green color. 15 to 18 inches. | | .75 | 6.00 | 40.00 |
| FIR MT. ENOS (<i>Abies Cephalonica</i>).... Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$1.50 to | | 5.00 | ..... | ..... |
| FIR NORDMAN'S (<i>Abies Nordmanniana</i>). Specimens, 5 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to | | 25.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Lustrous, deep green foliage and symmetrical form, 24 to 30 inches. | | 3.00 | ..... | ..... |
| One of the grandest and best of the silver firs. 18 to 24 inches. | | 1.50 | 12.50 | ..... |

"I want to thank you for the very nice plants you sent me and also the fine condition in which they reached me. The sending the plants in burlap with their own soil about the roots insures them so perfectly against any injury from transplanting. Those sent are as fresh as if growing in their native soil."



Red Cedar, 1 to 20 ft.

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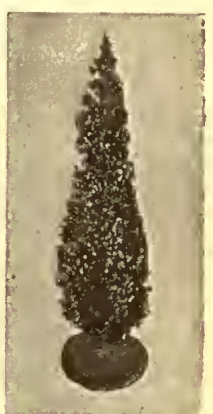
Japan Cypress, 1 to 8 ft.

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Douglas Spruce, 1 to 10 ft.

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Arborvitae, 1 to 15 ft.

Page 5

Such beautiful specimens as these are the product of years of care and training. Both tops and roots have been frequently trimmed and trained so as to produce a maximum degree of beauty and certainty of successful transplanting.

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

| EVERGREEN TREES—Continued. | | EACH. | PER 10. | PER 100. |
|--|---|----------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| FIR MANCHURIAN BALSAM (<i>Abies Veitchii</i>). | | | | |
| Specimens, 3 to 5 feet. | \$3.00 to | \$10.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Very hardy, rapid grower, rich green foliage, similar to preceding, foliage delightfully fragrant | 2 to 3 feet. | 1.50 | ..... | ..... |
| FIR WHITE (<i>Abies Concolor</i>)..... | | | | |
| Specimens, 4 to 6 feet. | \$3.00 to | 20.00 | ..... | ..... |
| A beautiful spruce of rapid growth and withstands exposure to heat and drought better than any other evergreen we have. Its general appearance is so striking that it commands attention. | 3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet. 12 to 18 inches. | 3.00 2.50 2.00 | \$25.00 17.50 | ..... ..... ..... |
| FIR WHITE VAR. VIOLACAE | Specimens, 2½ to 8 feet. | \$3.00 to | 20.00 | ..... |
| A variety of the above with deep blue color and very long needles. A most striking lawn tree. | | | | |
| HEMLOCK AMERICAN (<i>Tsuga Canadensis</i>)..... | | | | |
| Specimens, 4 to 15 feet. | \$1.50 to | 35.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Its pendant branches and soft deep green foliage appeal favorably to us all. It is one of the very few evergreens that grow well in the shade of other trees; in fact, it often seems to reach its most beautiful development under these conditions. For general lawn and landscape planting this hemlock lends itself in more ways than perhaps any other evergreen. As a specimen, in groups or for free planting throughout a woodland it is always beautiful. | 3 to 4 feet. 2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet. 8 to 12 inches. | 1.75 1.25 .50 .25 | 15.00 10.00 4.00 2.00 | 80.00 35.00 15.00 |
| HEMLOCK AMERICAN VAR. PENDULA (Sargent's). | | | | |
| Specimens, 3 to 10 feet. | \$3.00 to | 50.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Most unique, branches drooping, very ornamental. | 18 to 24 inches. | 2.00 | 15.00 | ..... |
| HEMLOCK CAROLINA (<i>Carohniana</i>)..... | | | | |
| Graceful species, perfectly hardy, and quite different from <i>Canadensis</i> . | 2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet. | 2.50 2.00 | 20.00 17.50 | ..... ..... |
| HEMLOCK JAPANESE (<i>Sieboldii</i>)..... | | | | |
| Specimens, 3 to 8 feet. | \$3.00 to | 25.00 | ..... | ..... |
| This hemlock has slender branches and bright glossy foliage and is very rare and beautiful. | 2 to 3 feet. 1½ to 2 feet. | 2.00 1.50 | 17.50 12.50 | ..... ..... |
| JUNIPER CANADIAN or COMMON (<i>Juniperus Communis</i>). | | | | |
| Specimens, 3 to 8 feet. | \$2.50 to | 10.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Our stock is grown from the form native in this vicinity which has a flat habit, making spreading bushes. | 2 to 3 feet. 1 to 2 feet. | 1.00 .50 | 4.50 | ..... |
| JUNIPER DOUGLAS' GOLDEN (<i>Juniperus Communis var.</i>) | | | | |
| Specimens, 2 to 3 feet. | \$2.00 to | 5.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Very fine golden form of the above. | 12 to 18 inches. 8 to 12 inches. | 1.00 .50 | 7.50 4.50 | ..... ..... |
| JUNIPER CHINESE (<i>Juniperus Chinensis</i>). | | | | |
| Specimens, 2 to 3 feet. | \$2.00 to | 5.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Foliage light green; especially rich in the winter. | 12 to 15 inches. | .75 | 6.00 | 50.00 |
| JUNIPER CHINESE GOLDEN (<i>Juniperus Chinensis var.</i>) | | | | |
| Specimens, 2 to 6 feet. | \$2.00 to | 20.00 | ..... | ..... |
| A charming form with rich golden foliage. | 12 to 15 inches. | .75 | 6.00 | 50.00 |
| JUNIPER IRISH (<i>Juniperus Communis var. Hibernica</i>). | | | | |
| Specimens, 3 to 5 feet. | \$2.00 to | 5.00 | ..... | ..... |
| The well-known Irish Juniper, pyramidal in form and of a striking silvery gray foliage. | 2 to 3 feet. 1½ to 2 feet. 1 to 1½ feet. | 1.25 .75 .50 | 6.00 4.50 | ..... ..... ..... |
| JUNIPER NEABOREAN (<i>Juniperus Macrocarpa</i>). | | | | |
| Specimens, 3 to 6 feet. | \$3.00 to | 10.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Shrub-like and resembling our native red cedar. Very hardy. | | | | |
| JUNIPER SQUAMATA (<i>J. Procumbens</i>)..... | | | | |
| 2 to 3 feet. | | 1.50 | 12.00 | ..... |
| A charming form, suitable for rock gardening. | 15 to 24 inches. 12 to 15 inches. | 1.00 .75 | 8.00 6.00 | 60.00 50.00 |
| JUNIPER PROSTRATE (<i>Juniperus Sabina var.</i>)..... | | | | |
| 2 to 3 feet. | | 1.50 | 12.00 | ..... |
| Clings to the ground. Fine for rock gardening. | 1 to 2 feet. | 1.00 | 9.00 | ..... |



Stone Pine, 1 to 10 ft
Page 8



Blue Spruce, 1 to 10 ft
Page 9



Norway Spruce, 1 to 20 ft
Page 9



White Spruce, 1 to 15 ft.
Page 9

The above illustrations are taken from stock at our Nursery. They show what splendid balls of earth cling to the roots when we take them up for transplanting. Immediate effects are gained by using this specimen stock.

EVERGREEN TREES—Continued.



Japanese Umbrella Pine
See below.

JUNIPER RED CEDAR
(*Juniperus Virginiana*).

Nursery grown specimens, 4 to 10 feet,

| | | | |
|---|-------------------|--------|---------|
| Our native red cedar, well known for its striking form and beautiful color. Carefully collected native stock from two to twenty feet at special prices. | \$1.50 to \$10.00 | ..... | ..... |
| 3 to 4 feet. | 1.00 | \$6.50 | ..... |
| 2 to 3 feet. | .75 | 5.00 | \$40.00 |
| 1 to 2 feet. | .50 | 3.50 | 20.00 |

PINE LIMBER

(*P. Flexilis*).

| | | | |
|---|------|-------|-------|
| Charming spreading pine from 12 to 15 inches. high in the Rocky Mountains. Very graceful. | 2.50 | ..... | ..... |
| 15 to 18 inches. | 1.50 | 9.00 | ..... |
| 12 to 15 inches. | 1.00 | 7.50 | 50.00 |

PINE MUGHO

(*P. Montana*).

| | | | |
|---|-----------------|-------|-------|
| Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, | \$2.00 to 15.00 | ..... | ..... |
| One of the best dwarf pines; thrives well in almost any dry soil, and makes a very fine effect as a foreground plant. | 1.50 | ..... | ..... |
| 12 to 18 inches. | 1.00 | 6.00 | 40.00 |
| 8 to 12 inches. | .50 | 4.00 | 30.00 |

PINE NORWAY

(*P. Resinosa*).

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|-------|-------|
| Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, | \$2.00 to 10.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Very ornamental and extremely hardy. | 3 to 4 feet. 1.75 | 16.00 | ..... |
| 2 to 3 feet. | 1.50 | ..... | ..... |

PINE PITCH

(*P. Rigida*).

| | | | |
|---|----------------|-------|-------|
| 6 to 7 feet, Effective native; does well by sea-side. | \$2.00 to 5.00 | | |
|---|----------------|-------|-------|

PINE RED (Japanese) (*P. Densiflora*)..... 4 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to 10.00
A strikingly beautiful pine of refined habit. 2 to 3 feet. 1.50 12.50
18 to 24 inches. .75 5.00 40.00
12 to 15 inches. .50 3.00 20.00

PINE RED VAR. GOLDEN (*Aurea*)..... Specimens, 2 to 3 feet, \$2.00 to 10.00
A rare variety, with golden foliage. Rare and charming.

PINE RED VAR. TANYOSHIO 15 to 20 inches each. 2.50 22.00
A rare dwarf type. 10 to 15 inches each. 1.50 12.50

PINE RED VAR. WEEPING..... Specimens, 2 to 4 feet, \$3.00 to 10.00
A unique type.

PINE SCOTCH (*P. Sylvestris*)..... Specimens, 6 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to 25.00
Important European timber tree, very hardy and 4 to 5 feet. 1.50
ornamental. Wind breaks of this pine, especially 3 to 4 feet. 1.00 8.00 60.00
where exposed to severe winds, are very satisfactory. 2 to 3 feet. .75 6.00 40.00
1 to 2 feet. .50 3.50 25.00

PINE SCOTCH VAR. BEUVRONNENSIS. Specimens, 12 to 18 inches, \$1.50 to 5.00
Dwarf form of the Scotch Pine; very attractive.

PINE SCOTCH VAR. GLOBOSA..... Specimens, 12 to 18 inches, \$2.00 to 5.00
Another form with a low, cushion-like shape.

PINE STONE (*P. Cembra*)..... Specimens, 2 to 7 feet, \$2.50 to 25.00
Elegant pine of the White Pine tribe with very 18 to 24 inches. 1.50
symmetrical habit while young. It is of very slow 12 to 18 inches. .75 5.00 40.00
growth, forming beautiful specimens. 8 to 12 inches. .50 4.00 30.00

PINE UMBRELLA (*Sciadopitys Verticillata*). Specimens, 3 to 10 feet \$5.00 to 100.00
This rare and perfectly hardy evergreen from Japan is now becoming better known in this country. It 30 to 36 inches. 4.00 35.00
always attracts the eye by its unique beauty. Its 24 to 30 inches. 3.00 25.00
growth is in the form of a narrow pyramid, the leaves 18 to 20 inches. 2.50 20.00 175.00
are dark green. See illustration above. 2.00 15.00 135.00

PINE WHITE (*P. Strobus*)..... Specimens, 5 to 15 feet, \$2.00 to 50.00
The grandest of our native evergreens and 4 to 5 feet. 1.50 12.50
teemed for its great beauty. They are always graceful 3 to 4 feet. 1.25 9.00 60.00
ful and effective, and finally assume very characteristic outlines. Special prices for forestry planting. 2 to 3 feet. 1.00 7.50 40.00
1 to 2 feet. .50 3.50 20.00

PINE WHITE VAR. BREVIFOLIA. Specimens, 12 to 15 inches, \$2.00 to 4.00
Dwarf, compact, with short leaves.

PINE WHITE VAR. PARVIFLORA..... Specimens, 4 to 6 feet, \$2.50 to 5.00
Compact form of preceding.

PINUS, see Pine.

PSEUDOTSUGA, see Spruce (Douglas).

RETINISPORA, see Cypress (Japan).

SCIADOPITYS, see Pine (Umbrella).

SPRUCE ALCOCK'S (*Picea Bicolor*)..... Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$2.50 to 15.00
European species, leaves green above and silvery-blue beneath. Very compact in habit of growth.

| EVERGREEN TREES—Continued. | | EACH. | PER 10. | PER 100. |
|--|--|-------|---------|----------|
| SPRUCE COLORADO BLUE (<i>Picea Pungens</i>). | | | | |
| Specimens, 1 to 10 feet, \$3.00 to | | 30.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Perhaps the most popular evergreen now planted in | | 2.00 | \$15.00 | ..... |
| the east and the demand, especially for the blue 18 to 24 inches. | | 1.50 | 12.00 | ..... |
| specimens, is equal to the supply. We have a large 15 to 18 inches. | | 1.00 | 8.00 | \$60.00 |
| stock of splendid trees, all several times transplanted. 12 to 15 inches. | | .75 | 6.00 | 40.00 |
| SPRUCE COLORADO BLUE (Koster's) (<i>P. Pungens Kosteri</i>). | | | | |
| Specimens, 3 to 10 feet, \$5.00 to | | 50.00 | ..... | ..... |
| A strain, with the brightest blue color yet ob- | | 8.00 | 64.00 | ..... |
| tained. Unquestionably the most beautiful of the 20 to 24 inches. | | 5.00 | 45.00 | ..... |
| Spruces for garden or lawn. Our stock is the bluest 15 to 20 inches. | | 3.00 | 28.00 | ..... |
| strain, being plants grafted from the original Kos- | | 2.00 | 20.00 | ..... |
| ter's variety. | | | | |
| SPRUCE COLORADO BLUE WEEPING (<i>P. Pungens Pendula</i>). | | | | |
| Illustration, page 5. Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to | | 20.00 | ..... | ..... |
| A new and beautiful form with drooping branches. | | | | |
| SPRUCE DOUGLAS' (<i>Pseudotsuga Douglasii</i>). | | | | |
| Specimens, 3 to 5 feet, \$2.50 to | | 15.00 | ..... | ..... |
| A graceful evergreen partaking somewhat of the | | 2.00 | 15.00 | ..... |
| character of our native hemlock in this respect. It is | | 1.50 | 9.00 | ..... |
| a most rapid grower. | | 1.00 | 7.50 | ..... |
| SPRUCE DOUGLAS' (blue form) (<i>P. Douglasii</i> Var. <i>Glaucæ</i>). | | | | |
| Specimens, 3 to 8 feet, \$3.00 to | | 20.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Slower growing than the above, foliage bluish green. | | | | |
| SPRUCE ENGELMAN'S (<i>Picea Engelmanni</i>)..... | | | | |
| 2 to 5 feet, \$2.00 to | | 5.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Closely resembling the Colorado Blue Spruce, mak- | | | | |
| ing a very ornamental tree. | | | | |
| SPRUCE ORIENTAL (<i>Picea Orientalis</i>)..... | | | | |
| Specimens, 2 to 6 feet, \$2.00 to | | 15.00 | ..... | ..... |
| A genuine gem among evergreens. Hardy and at- | | 1.50 | 12.50 | ..... |
| tractive. | | | | |
| SPRUCE NORWAY (<i>Picea Excelsa</i>)..... | | | | |
| Specimens, 6 to 20 feet, \$3.00 to | | 50.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Very rapid growth of a pleasing dark green. Makes | | 2.50 | 22.50 | ..... |
| a fine specimen and is valuable for windbreak pur- | | 2.00 | 17.50 | ..... |
| poses. Makes a compact hedge, especially where one | | 1.50 | 12.50 | 100.00 |
| more than ten feet high is desired Inquire for special | | 1.00 | 7.50 | 60.00 |
| prices for hedge purposes. | | 1.00 | 7.50 | 60.00 |
| 1 to 2 feet. | | .50 | 4.00 | 30.00 |
| SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. CONE-LIKE (Var. <i>Conica</i>) | | | | |
| Specimens, 18 to 36 inches, \$2.00 to | | 5.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Very compact and striking. | | 1.00 | 7.00 | ..... |
| 12 to 18 inches. | | | | |
| SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. COLUMNAR (<i>P. Ex. Var. Columnaris</i>). | | | | |
| Specimens, 3 to 8 feet, \$2.00 to | | 10.00 | ..... | ..... |
| An attractive, upright, compact form. | | 1.50 | 12.50 | ..... |
| 2 to 3 feet. | | | | |
| SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. GOLDEN (<i>P. Ex. Var. Aurea</i>). | | | | |
| Specimens, 3 to 12 feet, \$3.00 to | | 30.00 | ..... | ..... |
| With golden yellow foliage, vigorous grower. | | 2.00 | ..... | ..... |
| 2 to 3 feet. | | | | |
| SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. GREGORY'S (<i>P. Ex. Var. Gregoriana</i>). | | | | |
| Specimens, 1 to 4 feet, \$2.50 to | | 10.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Very dwarf, round-headed, most unique. | | | | |
| SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. PYRAMIDAL (<i>P. Ex. Var. Pyramidalis</i>). | | | | |
| Specimens, 3 to 8 feet, \$2.00 to | | 10.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Striking form of very rapid growth and upright habit. | | 1.50 | 12.50 | ..... |
| 2 to 3 feet. | | | | |
| SPRUCE NORWAY VAR. WEEPING (<i>P. Ex. Var. Pendula</i>). | | | | |
| Specimens, 5 to 12 feet, \$4.00 to | | 20.00 | ..... | ..... |
| A pendulous variety, foliage rather larger than that | | 1.50 | ..... | ..... |
| of the species. Desirable as a novelty and makes a | | 1.00 | 8.00 | ..... |
| very striking tree. Illustration, see page 4. | | | | |
| SPRUCE WHITE (<i>Picea Alba</i>)..... | | | | |
| Specimens, 4 to 15 feet, \$3.00 to | | 50.00 | ..... | ..... |
| This fine compact native spruce resembles the Nor- | | 1.50 | 12.50 | ..... |
| way Spruce excepting that it is much more compact | | 1.00 | 7.50 | 60.00 |
| and a slower grower. It is also very much hardier. | | .50 | 4.00 | 35.00 |
| 1 to 2 feet. | | | | |
| SPRUCE WHITE VAR. GOLDEN (<i>P. Alba Var. Aurea</i>). | | | | |
| Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$2.00 to | | 30.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Known as the Glory of Spruces, silvery, generously | | | | |
| tipped golden. | | | | |
| TAXUS , see Yew. | | | | |
| THUYA , see Arborvitæ. | | | | |
| TSUGA , see Hemlock. | | | | |
| YEW AMERICAN (<i>Taxus Canadensis</i>)..... | | | | |
| Specimens, 12 to 18 inches, .75 to | | 3.00 | ..... | ..... |
| A native evergreen, hardy, prefers shady situation. | | | | |
| YEW ENGLISH AND IRISH | | | | |
| 3 to 12 feet, \$3.00 to | | 95.00 | ..... | ..... |
| We carry a fine stock of specimens in tubs. | | | | |
| YEW JAPAN DWARF (<i>Taxus Cuspidata Var. Nana</i>). | | | | |
| Specimens, 18 to 36 inches, \$2.00 to | | 20.00 | ..... | ..... |
| A rare and beautiful, low-growing evergreen from | | 1.75 | 15.00 | ..... |
| Japan. It is as hardy as an oak and remains a deep | | 1.50 | 12.50 | ..... |
| green through the winter, even where exposed to the | | 1.00 | 7.50 | ..... |
| sun and wind. It is a very slow grower. | | .75 | 6.00 | 40.00 |
| 6 to 8 inches. | | | | |
| YEW JAPAN DWARF YELLOW | | | | |
| 8 to 15 inches, 50 cents to | | 2.00 | ..... | ..... |
| A rare form of the above. | | | | |
| YEW REPANDENS | | | | |
| Specimens, 1 to 3 feet, \$1.50 to | | 6.00 | ..... | ..... |
| Spreading habit. Rare. | | | | |

Christmas Trees—Real Live Ones.

To have a Christmas tree that can be planted out after the Christmas holiday is over is proving to be a popular idea. Any of the preceding list of Pines, Spruces, Firs, etc., make beautiful Christmas trees, even the small ones for adorning the table.

Trees to be best fitted for this purpose should be well established. We can take up trees for this purpose, pot them and get them into the best of condition, delivering them in time for Christmas at a slight advance over the Catalog price. Inquire further if interested.

Hardy Herbaceous Plants



Christmas Rose or Heleborus Niger. See page 11.

HARDY Herbaceous plants are those whose roots are hardy and remain alive from year to year and whose tops die annually to the ground and are classified under this heading. It includes such splendid garden plants as *Peonies*, *Iris*, *Larkspurs*, etc. The great ease with which these plants can be grown and their great variety of color and form and season of bloom makes them indispensable for the garden. Of late years, there has been a steadily increasing demand for this class of plants as well as a great improvement in the varieties, so that they now make an important feature in the business of many nurserymen. We are making them a specialty at the nursery, growing them in large quantities out in the open fields under the most favorable conditions. The classification is the one adopted by Prof. L. H. Bailey in the *Cyclopedia of American Horticulture*.

Description of height at flowering season and time of blossoming, general color of bloom, and very brief descriptions only are attempted in this abridged list.

In arranging this list, we have used the popular or common names as far as seemed consistent.

Alphabetical List.

ACHILLEA, see *Yarrow*.

ACONITUM, see *Monkshood*.

ADAM'S NEEDLE, see *Lilies*.

AEGOPODIUM-PODAGRARIA VARIEGATA. One foot. Splendid for covering the ground under trees. Will grow anywhere, even in shady places.

ALTHEA, see *Hollyhock*.

ALYSSUM SAXATILE (Golden tuft). $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 foot. May and June.

Forms a clump of velvety foliage and flowers are the richest yellow and fragrant

***AMSONIA ANGUSTIFOLIA**. 2 to 4 feet. May. Glossy, willow-like leaves, forming an attractive bush of foliage, turning rich yellow in the fall. Flowers deep blue.

***ANEMONE PENNSYLVANICA**. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet. June. Large, single, pure white flowers.

ANTHEMIS TINCTORIA ALBA. 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Creamy white, otherwise similar to the following, both being very desirable and of easiest culture.

ANTHEMIS TINCTORIA VAR. KELWAYI. 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Brilliant yellow daisies in great masses, splendid for cutting and for the border garden.

AQUILEGIA, see *Columbine*.

ARABIS, see *Rock-Cress*.

ARENARIA, see *Sandwort*.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left. Stock will be potted to order and held for any delivery date.

| | Each. | Per 10. | Per 100. |
|---|-------|---------|----------|
| *Very strong Field Clumps (Express or Freight)..... | 50c. | \$4.00 | \$35.00 |
| Strong Field Grown, usual size (Express recommended)..... | 25c. | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| Smaller size (mostly field grown) | 15c. | 1.25 | 10.00 |

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

- ARMERIA**, see Thrift.
ARTILLERY-PLANT, see Dictamnus.
ARUNCUS, see Spiraea.
ARUNDO DONAX, see Grasses.
ASCLEPIAS, see Butterfly-weed.
ASPERULA ODORATA (Sweet Woodruff). 6 to 8 inches. May and June. White.
ASTER ALPINA. 6 to 8 inches. May to June. Low growing plant; fine for borders; effective for rockery. Flowers bright purple, rich yellow center.
***ASTER NOVAE ANGLIAE VAR. ROSEA**. 2 to 5 feet. October and November.
 A variety of our native New England aster, with very large flowers in the greatest profusion. Color, clear rosy red with rich golden center.
ASTER STOKES'S (Stokesia Cyanea). 1 to 2 feet. July to September. Double, light pleasing blue. Very desirable.
ASTER TATARICUS. 3 to 4 feet. October and November. Blue flowers. Very effective.
ASTILBE, see Spiraea.
AURATUM LILY, see page 16.
BABY'S BREATH (*Gypsophila Paniculata*). 3 to 4 feet. July to October. Produces a mass of small white flowers so disposed as to form a veritable cloud of bloom. Keeps well when cut.
BABY'S BREATH (Double). 3 to 4 feet. July to October. A new form and very desirable.
BABY'S SLIPPER, see Lotus.
HALLOON FLOWER, see Platycodon.
***BAPTISIA AUSTRALIS** (False Indigo). 4 to 6 feet. June and July. Clear blue. Foliage effective and lasts well through the season.
HEARD TONGUE, see Pentstemon.
***BEE BALM** (*Monarda Didyma Var. Superba*). 2 to 3 feet. July to October. One of the old garden plants which will ever be popular. Brilliant red foliage and flowers of spicy fragrance.
HELEMCANDA CHINENSIS, see Lily Blackberry.
BERGAMOT, see Bee Balm.
BETONY, see Stachys Reticata.
BLACK-EYED SUSAN, see Rudbeckia.
BLANKET-FLOWER, see Gaillardia.
BLEEDING-HEART, see Dicentra.
BLUEBELLS, see Campanula.
***BOCCONIA CORDATA** (Tree Calamandine). 5 to 8 feet. August and September. Spikes of feathery white. Splendid background plant.
***BOLTONIA ASTEROIDES**. 6 to 8 feet. August and September. Tall plant, producing great masses of aster-like flowers, white with yellow center.
***BOLTONIA LATISQUAMAE**. 6 to 8 feet. August and September.
 Similar to above excepting color of bloom, which is light lavender, deep yellow center.
***BOLTONIA LATISQUAMAE NANA**. 12 to 15 inches. August to September.
 A dwarf form of the above. A new and desirable form.
BULBS, see Lilies, page 16.
BUTTERCUP (Double) (*Ranunculus Repens Var. Fl. Pl.*) 6 to 12 inches. May and June.
 Of the brightest yellow. Foliage very glossy green.
BUTTERFLY-WEED (*Asclepias Tuberosa*). 2 to 3 feet. July and August. Orange. A very showy native plant and very desirable.
CAMOMILE, see Anthemis.
CAMPANULA CARPATICA. $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 foot. June to October. Blue.
 Like the other Campanulas, the flowers are bell-shaped. In this species they are produced singly on delicate wiry stems, and are deep blue.
 One of the best dwarf plants.
CAMPANULA CARPATICA VAR. ALBA. $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 foot. June to October.
 Similar to preceding otherwise than the color of the flowers, which are purest white.
CAMPANULA PERSICIFOLIA. June to October.
 This species produces its flowers on stems 2 to 3 feet high. The flowers are in loose clusters, and are very effective. Color blue.
CAMPANULA PERSICIFOLIA VAR. ALBA. June to October. Pure white.
CANDIDA LILY, see page 16.
CANDYTUFT (Hardy) (*Iberis Sempervirens*). 6 to 12 inches. April and May. White; evergreen foliage. Makes a nice foreground border plant.
CARDINAL FLOWER, see Lobelia Cardinalis.
***CENTAUREA**, see Dusty Miller.
CERASTIUM BIEBERSTEINII (Snow in Summer). May and June. 6 inches. Light silver foliage, masses of white bloom.
***CHRISTMAS ROSE** (*Heleborus Niger*). 6 to 12 inches. October to March.
 This interesting pink and white plant really produces its flowers in the winter, out of doors. Daintily colored begonia-like blooms almost hidden in a clump of glossy evergreen leaves. It is best to select a place for this plant which is sheltered from the winds of winter and where it can remain for years undisturbed. With a light, temporary frame placed over the plants so as to protect from snow and ice, the blooms develop far more freely and perfectly. See illustration, page 10.



Hardy Chrysanthemums.
 See page 12.

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|---|-------|---------|----------|
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| Strong Field Grown, usual size (Express recommended)..... | 25c. | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| Smaller size (mostly field grown) | 15c. | 1.25 | 10.00 |

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.



Dictamnus or Gas Plant.
See below.

CHRYSANTHEMUM HARDY GARDEN. See illustration, page 11.

VARIETIES.

- BETSY.** A strong, vigorous grower and very early bloomer. Large, brightest yellow.
- ELIZA.** Very vigorous, blooming in terminal clusters. Flowers large, deep rose, shading to rosy pink at full maturity.
- HANNA.** Vigorous grower, flowers large, of a deep rosy red. Otherwise similar to preceding.
- JANE.** Early bloomer, flowers large and double to the center. Petals quilled, opening flat at the tips. Clear pink tinged with yellow at base.
- MIRANDA.** Vigorous, hardy and very free flowering, medium size pompon, rich crimson.
- LUCINDA.** Large, purest white, quite double to the center, very abundant blooms.
- MOLLY.** Vigorous and very free bloomer, petals in whorls, and tubular, pointed at the tips. Clear pink, when fully expanded, showing yellow center, petals margined with crimson.
- NANCY.** Large, pure glistening white, and at maturity showing rich yellow center, very effective.
- SALLY.** Large pompon, very double, yellow with crimson showing on the margin of the expanding buds.
- ABIGAIL.** Flowers large, rosy red with salmon tints at maturity, showing yellow center.
- CLEMATIS RECTA.** 2 to 4 feet. June. Pure white.
- Other Clematis, see our Descriptive Catalog.*
- COLUMBINE ROCKY MOUNTAIN BLUE** (*Aquilegia Coerulea*). The beautiful western species with the long spurs.
- COLUMBINE ROCKY MOUNTAIN YELLOW** (*A. Chrysantha*). Similar to preceding other than color.
- COLUMBINE ROCKY MOUNTAIN WHITE** (*A. Chrysantha Alba*). White form of preceding.
- COLUMBINE EUROPEAN WHITE** (*A. Vulgaris*). A beautiful type of purest white.
- CONE-FLOWER,** (Purple), see *Echinacea*.
- CONVALLARIA MAJALIS,** see *Lily-of-the-Valley*, page 17.
- CORAL-BELLS,** see *Heuchera*.
- CORAL LILY,** see page 16.

- *COREOPSIS LANCEOLATA** (Tickseed). 2 to 3 feet. June to October.
 One of the best golden yellow flowers for the garden. Star-like blooms produced on wiry stems. Excellent for cut flowers.
- *COREOPSIS ROSEA.** 8 to 12 inches. July to September. Rosy-pink, yellow center. Dark green cut leaf foliage, interesting foreground plant.
- *CORONILLA,** see *Crown Vetch*.
- *CREEPING JENNY,** see *Lysimachia Nummularia*.
- *CROWN VETCH** (*Coronilla Varia*). June to August. A rampant creeper, with handsome globular heads of showy bright pink to white sweet pea-shaped flowers; a useful plant for the border, especially for covering banks, for the rockery and naturalizing along the roadside.
- *DAISY SHASTA** (Burbank's) (*Chrysanthemum Leucanthemum Hybridum*). June to August. 1 to 2 feet. Ray-flowers are of the purest glistening white, center golden yellow, bloom about four inches in diameter.
- DAY-LILY,** see *Lilies*, page 16.
- DELPHINIUM,** see *Larkspur*.
- *DESMODIUM PENDULIFOLIUM** (Pea-Shrub). September and October.
 While it is a true herbaceous plant the growth is so full and shrub-like that by Fall it has made a bushy plant from 3 to 5 feet high. Covered with wine red, pea-shaped bloom, which makes it very attractive. It is effective planted in masses where it has room to develop, grouped with shrubs or in the herbaceous border. A few large clumps at 75c. each, smaller sizes same prices as other herbaceous plants.
- DIANTHUS,** see *Pinks*.
- *DICENTRA SPECTABILIS** (Bleeding Heart). 2 to 3 feet. May and June. Rose and white.
 An old favorite. Very desirable. Keeps well as a cut flower.
- *DICTAMNUS ALBUS FRAXINELLA** (Gas-Plant or Artillery plant). 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Fragrant white. See illustration.
- *DICTAMNUS ALBUS VAR. RUBRA.** 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Rose color, otherwise similar to above.
- DIGITALIS,** see *Fox-Glove*.
- *DUSTY MILLER** (*Centaurea Gymnocarpa*). Velvety white fern-like foliage, used for borders and foregrounds.
- *ECHINACEA PURPUREA** (Purple Cone-flower). 3 to 5 feet. July to September.
- ELEGANS LILY,** see page 16.
- *EPIMEDIUM ALPINUM VAR. RUBRUM.** 12 to 15 inches. June to July. Crimson.
- *EPIMEDIUM DIPHYLLUM ROSEUM.** 10 to 15 inches. April to May. Rose.
- *EPIMEDIUM LILACINUM.** 1 to 2 feet. May to June. Beautiful lilac flowers.
- *EPIMEDIUM MACRANTHUM NIVEUM.** 10 to 12 inches. May to June. White.
- *EUPHORBIA COROLLATA** (Spurge). 1 to 2 feet. July to October. White, very freely produced. Splendid border plant.

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| | Each. | Per 10. | Per 100. |
|--|-------|---------|----------|
| *Very strong Field Clumps (<i>Express or Freight</i>)..... | 50c. | \$4.00 | \$35.00 |
| Strong Field Grown, usual size (<i>Express recommended</i>)..... | 25c. | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| Smaller size (mostly field grown) | 15c. | 1.25 | 10.00 |


FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

Iris—*Fleur-de-Lis*.

*German Iris (Germanica or *Fleur-de-Lis*.)

Illustration, see page 21.

VARIETIES.


- 
- AURIOLE. Late, medium dwarf, very similar to Sans Souci in form and color, beautifully penciled deep velvety purple.
- BLUE-BIRD. Medium to tall and quite early, full, incurved, of a clear deep blue color.
- BRIDESMAID. Medium to tall, mid-season; very full and incurved, light rosy blue, changing to deeper blue on the margins, which are exquisitely penciled.
- CANDICANS. Mid-season and medium size of growth; very little incurved and of the clearest pale blue; freely veined with splashes of pure white. Very distinct.
- CELESTE. Mid-season to late; clear pale blue, shaded darker, large fine form.
- DR. THEMENT. Mid-season to late, medium to low; rosy-red, base white, changing to deep rosy-red veined deeper red.
- EDITH COOK. Medium to low grower, mid-season to late, of strong vigorous habit; of the clearest deep yellow, freely splashed rosy purple.
- ERNEST BERNOT. Early to mid-season, medium to tall, very free bloomer; delicate orange exquisitely suffused rosy purple.
- GARFIELD. Tall, medium to late, light blue, changing to rosy lilac on margins; light beard.
- JACKMANII. Tall and late, robust, of splendid habit; old gold, changing to a rich yellow buff beautifully suffused and shaded with deep rosy tints.
- LA VALETTE. Tall, late, good full form, very full, incurved; general color, clear pale blue suffused with rosy tints.
- MAD. CHIEREAU. Late and tall, of beautiful and unique form; pale blue and penciled with darker blue on margin.
- MAD. MODESTE. Medium to late. Incurving, pale blue splashed and margined purple.
- PALLIDA. Very late and tall. Resembles the early Florentine in its full large form. Color rich blue, being suffused with velvety royal purple.
- POND POINT. Tall, very vigorous, very large and handsome, clearest deep blue.
- QUEEN OF GYPSIES. Tall and late, rich, old gold, delicately suffused and penciled with rosy lilac; with beautiful pencillings of a deeper hue.
- QUEEN OF MAY (Maxomosata). Medium to late, tall, perfect form, clearest rose slightly buff at base, shading into clear rose-veined with darker rosy red.
- SANS SOUCI. Medium to late season, clearest intense yellow, incurved, russet veining.
- SILVER KING. The earliest of the tall large type, of ideal full form, and when first unfolding is of the softest pale blue, white at maturity.
- WALNERI. Mid-season and medium grower, clear light blue suffused with royal purple.

*Japanese Iris (Kaempferi or *Laevigata*.)

Illustration, see page 21.

This splendid type of Iris is one of the most important of our strictly hardy permanent garden plants. For effective habit and gorgeous display of color it stands alone at its blossoming season, which is June 20th to July 20th.

VARIETIES.

- 
- BLUE JAY. Late, medium tall, vigorous, very large, splendid form; deep yellow at base, changing to a soft azure blue.
- DINAH. Mid-season, very tall, medium to large, double, deep blue suffused with royal purple.
- GOLD-BOUND. Medium, tall, pure double white.
- KATHRYN. Early, tall and vigorous; broad, pale, blue, beautifully veined royal purple.
- KUMO-NO-SHO. Double, mid-season, tall, good size, white at base, freely veined rose, which suffuses the segment at the outer margin.
- KUMO-NO-NYE. Late, double, splendid form, richest velvety royal blue, suffused slightly with royal purple, brilliant yellow throat.
- PYRAMID. Early to late, very strong grower and free bloomer, of largest size and splendid form, segments light blue at base, to deep blue on margin, suffused with royal purple.
- ROSY-MORN. Mid-season, tall and graceful, white at base, shading to deep rose.
- URC-IN. Double, mid-season, tall and much branched, flower large, pale blue white, changing to rich clear blue.

*Early Iris (*Iris Pumila Hybrids*.)

This is a new race of charming Iris, intermediate between the early *Pumila* and *Germanica*, in time of blooming and size of flower.

- ATROVIOLOACEA. 6 to 10 inches. Medium dwarf, early to mid-season. Violet mauve to maroon red, paling to light on the margin.
- BRIDE. 12 to 15 inches. Mid-season. Clear ivory white, veined with green and yellow.
- BRIDESMAID. 10 to 15 inches. Clear white, splashed light blue, veined with yellow and green.
- CYANEA. 6 to 10 inches. Deep velvety blue, painted with white veining.
- EXCELSA. 8 to 12 inches. Clearest deep yellow, slight maroon splashings beautifully veined.
- FAIRY. 10 to 15 inches. Pale blue to white, freely splashed with varying shades of blue from faint to the deepest blue.
- FORMOSA. 6 to 12 inches. Royal blue to deepest velvety royal purple, orange at base.
- LUTEA. 10 to 15 inches. Mid-season. Clear yellow to deeper yellow splashed with attractive markings of blue and maroon.

Other Iris.

- *IRIS PSEUDACORUS. 3 to 5 feet. June. Very robust, intense clear, deep yellow.
- *IRIS SIBERICA. 2 to 3 feet. June. Robust growers, foliage somewhat like the Japan Iris. Flowers borne on slender stems, well up above the foliage; color, clear rich blue. Flowers are somewhat larger than our native field Iris.
- *IRIS SIBERICA ALBA. Similar to preceding but white.
- *IRIS SIBERICA FL. PL. Double form. Blooms late with the Japan Iris.
- *IRIS SIBERICA VAR. ORIENTALIS. 2 to 3 feet. June. A beautiful Iris of the most vivid velvety deep blue, of medium size and blooming with great freedom.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left. Stock will be potted to order and held for any delivery date.

| | Each. | Per 10. | Per 100. |
|--|-------|---------|----------|
| *Very strong Field Clumps (<i>Express or Freight</i>)..... | 50c. | \$4.00 | \$35.00 |
| Strong Field Grown, usual size (<i>Express recommended</i>)..... | 25c. | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| Smaller size (mostly field grown) | 15c. | 1.25 | 10.00 |

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

FALSE INDIGO, see Baptisia.

FERNS HARDY, Charming native plants. Inquire for special list.

***FESTUCA GLAUCA**, 1 to 1½ feet. Silvery blue foliage grass; very effective.

***FLAGS**, see Iris, page 13.

***FLAX PERENNIAL** (*Linum Perenne*), 1 to 2 feet. June to September. A very desirable hardy garden plant, producing quantities of deep blue bell-shaped flowers on graceful, delicate stems.

FORGET-MENOT (*Myosotis Palustris*). The true variety which blooms all summer. A delightful light blue.

FOX-GLOVE (*Digitalis Purpurea*). 3 to 5 feet. July and August. Old-fashioned garden favorite of easiest culture.

FOX-GLOVE (*Digitalis Purpurea Alba*). A white form of the above.

FOX-GLOVE (*Digitalis Ambigua*). 2 to 3 feet. June to August. Very hardy. Creamy white.

FRAXINELLA, see Dictamnus.

FUNKIA, see Lily Day, page 16.

GAILLARDIA ARISTATA (Blanket Flower). 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Bright red, yellow splashes. Very desirable garden border plant.

GARDEN HELIOTROPE, see Valeriana.

GAS-PLANT, see Dictamnus.

GERMAN IRIS, see page 13.

***GEUM HELDREICHII**, 10 to 12 inches. May to August. Pretty border plant, producing beautiful orange-red flowers in great profusion.

***GEUM HELDREICHII VAR. SPLENDENS**, New variety even more showy than preceding.

***GLOBE-FLOWER** (*Trollius Asiaticus*). 1 to 1½ feet. May. Resemble beautiful double buttercups, rich clear yellow.

GLOBE-FLOWER VAR. FIRE GLOBE. With deep orange blooms. One of the best varieties.

***GLOBE-FLOWER VAR. ORANGE GLOBE**. A variety with deepest orange color.

GOLDEN BANDED LILY, see page 16.

GOLDEN-GLOW, see Rudbeckia.

GOLDEN-ROD (*Solidago*), in variety.

GOUTWEED, see Aegopodium.

GROUND IVY (*Nepeta*). A ground cover vine. Splendid for covering embankments and for the rockery.

***GYPSOPHILA**, see Baby's Breath.

***HELENIUM AUTUMNALE**, see

Sneezeweed.

HELIANTHUS, see Sun-Flower.

***HELIOPSIS LAEVIS**, 4 to 5 feet. July to November. Splendid hardy plant with rich yellow daisy-like flowers in great profusion. Very vigorous and will thrive under unfavorable conditions; splendid for cut flowers lasting for weeks.

HELEBORUS, see Christmas Rose.

HEMEROCALLIS, see Lilics, page 17.

HEUCHERA SANGUINEA (Coral Bells). 1½ to 2 feet. July to October. The leaves are circular with delicately fringed edges and of an attractive grayish marbled green and evergreen. Flowers coral red, small, and produced in loose clusters.

HIBISCUS, see Mallow.

HOLLYHOCKS. Always a popular garden plant and while they are grown from seed it takes one season of growth before they will bloom. There is always, therefore, a demand for plants of a blooming size. Following colors: Double Red, White, Yellow, Pink, Maroon, Salmon Rose: Double-mixed: Allegheny—semi-double, Pink.

IBERIS, see Candytuft.

***JACOB'S LADDER** (*Polemonium Coeruleum*). 10 to 12 inches. May and June. A favorite old garden plant, producing a quantity of attractive blue blooms.

JAPAN IRIS, see page 13.

KANSAS FEATHER, see Liatris.

KNIPHOFIA ALOIDES, see Lily Torch, page 17.

LARKSPUR (*Delphinium*). 3 to 6 feet. June to August. A most important hardy garden plant of easiest culture. Tall, stately spikes ranging in color from almost white to the deepest shades of clear blue. Our stock has been grown from the finest strains, and will bloom freely the season following planting. See illustration.

LATHYRUS LATIFOLIUS, see Pea Perennial.

LEMON LILY, see Lilics, page 17.

LIATRIS PYCNOSTACHYA (Kansas Gay Feather). 4 to 6 feet. July to August. Most showy and attractive plants, producing spikes of rosy-purple flowers.

Larkspur (*Delphinium*). See page 14.

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|--|-------|---------|----------|
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| Strong Field Grown, usual size (<i>Express recommended</i>)..... | 25c. | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| Smaller size (mostly field grown) | 15c. | 1.25 | 10.00 |

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.



Paeonies (Herbaceous).

Selected List of Varieties.

NOTE—The number to the left of the variety indicates the sizes we have to offer of that variety.

- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Ambraine Verschaffelt.** Dazzling red. Large cup-shaped. Late.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Andre Lauries.** Free grower, very large, deep pink. One of the latest sorts.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Atrosanguinea.** One of the best double reds. Deep, full and broad bloom.
- 2, 3, 4. **Boule de Neige.** White, lightly sulphured. Center bordered with carmine.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Canari.** White, with yellow center, \$1.00, 75c., 50c.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Caroline Mather.** Very large double, rosy crimson. Silky petals, yellow center.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Delachei.** Dark red, fine, very late. One of the best, with very upright stems.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Duke of Wellington.** Sulphury white sort, of fine form, recently sent out. Very vigorous grower and free bloomer. \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c., 50c.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Duchess de Nemours.** White. A wonderfully beautiful form. \$1.00, 75c., 50c.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Elegans.** Outer petals rosc; center full with curving and twisting petalaets, shading from light rose to white. Tall, vigorous grower and free bloomer.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Festiva Alba.** (syn. Queen Victoria and Alba Superba). Double sulphury white.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Festiva Maxima.** By many considered the best white yet introduced, both in color and form. Of the purest white, splashed with a few streaks of crimson. Our stock is the true strain which is so difficult to obtain. \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c., 50c.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Francis Orlegai.** Deep maroon red, broad glossy petals, shows yellow center.
- 2, 3, 4. **Fujisomegino.** Deep wild rose changing to pale pink. Single.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Gladstone.** Satiny pink petals, inner petals creamy pink. Ideal form and color.
- 2, 3, 4. **Golden Harvest.** Nearest to yellow and splendid form. \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c.
- 2, 3, 4. **Goliath.** Single, early free, dazzling red, abundance of yellow stamens.
- 2, 3, 4. **Hermes.** Single, early medium grower. Deep maroon red, yellow stamens.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Humei Rosen.** Enormous double flowers of a clear rose, one of the very latest.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Lady Bramwell.** Pink.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Lee's Grandiflora.** Superb late double sort, deep rosy red. \$1.50, \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Madam de Verneville.** Very well formed, compact, full imbricated blooms, sulphur white, center delicate rosy white with an accidental touch of carmine. \$1.50, \$1.25, \$1.00, 75c.
- 2, 3, 4. **Marie Lemoine.** Delicate ivory white, full center, very late.
- 2, 3, 4. **Mons Rousselon.** Free bloomer, clear pink, fine for cutting.
- 2, 3, 4. **Mont Blanc.** Guards pure white, petals opening sulphury yellow fading to creamy white.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Officinalis Flora Plena.** Double crimson. Piny of old gardens, always desirable.
- 2, 3, 4. **Officinalis Alba Mutabilis.** Very early, double, light pink, changing to lighter rose.
- 3, 4. **Officinalis Rosen Superba.** Light rose, beautiful flower, very early. \$1.50, \$1.00.
- 2, 3, 4. **Pink Beauty.** Double, free bloomer, light clear pink, desirable.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Reine Hortense.** Late flowering; light rose and full to the center. Habit very erect.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Richardson's Rubra Superba.** Late, called the Red Festiva Maxima.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Rubra Triumphant.** (Reeves). Bright carmine, almost a single flower.
- 2, 3, 4. **Tennifolia Flora Plena.** Double crimson. Deeply cut fern-like foliage.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Thorbeckii.** Deep red pink and fine form; lighter in center. Medium dwarf habit.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **Zoe Calot.** Fine rose, with lighter rose center. A charming sort.
- 1, 2, 3, 4. **No. 8.** Outer petals light pink; splendid late sort.

We have many other varieties on trial which will be listed as they prove desirable.

Prices for Herbaceous Paeonies, except where otherwise noted.

Numbers to the left of the variety indicate the sizes of that variety we have to offer.

| | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|----------------|------------------|
| No. 1. Extra size, very heavy | Each, \$1.00 | Per 10, \$9.00 | Per 100, \$80.00 |
| No. 2. Strong blooming size | Each, .75 | Per 10, 6.50 | Per 100, 50.00 |
| No. 3. Well established | Each, .50 | Per 10, 4.50 | Per 100, 35.00 |
| No. 4. Divided roots | Each, .25 | Per 10, 2.00 | Per 100, 15.00 |

Special Collection, our selection only.

| | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1st size, 10 varieties..\$9.00 | 2d size, 20 varieties..\$12.00 | 4th size, 10 varieties..\$2.00 |
| 1st size, 20 varieties..17.50 | 3d size, 10 varieties.. 4.50 | 4th size, 20 varieties.. 3.75 |
| 2d size, 10 varieties.. 6.50 | 3d size, 20 varieties.. 8.00 | |

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

Lilies (Hardy Garden).

The family of lilies includes some of our most beautiful garden flowers and fortunately some of the most beautiful of them are perfectly hardy. There are many of them of easiest culture and even the less easy ones to succeed with, bountifully repay for any extra attention they may exact.



Speciosum Lilies.

*ADAM'S THREAD AND NEEDLE (*Yucca Filamentosa*). One of the most valuable plants in cultivation for general garden and landscape planting. Its dagger-like foliage, which is evergreen, forms an attractive clump of foliage, from which appear, in July and August, tall and stately spikes 3 to 6 feet high, bearing large panicles of white lilies, which are most picturesque and decorative.

BLACKBERRY LILY (*Belamcanda Chinensis*). 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Yellow.

DAY LILIES (*Funkia*). These charming garden lilies are very useful in the hardy border, as a foreground to shrubbery groups and about the foundations of buildings, etc. Their clusters of heart-shaped leaves and graceful flower heads showing effectively. They thrive well in partial shade, as well as in full sunshine. The following varieties are all very desirable:

*BLUE DAY LILY (*Coerulea*). 2 feet. August, September. Dark green glossy foliage, flowers light blue.

*FORTUNES DAY LILY. 2 to 3 feet. July. Rare type. Large glaucous, heart-shaped leaves, pale lilac.

*SIEBOLD'S DAY LILY. 1 to 2 feet. July and August. Another beautiful sort with silvery blue tint to foliage. Flowers pale lilac.

*VARIEGATED DAY LILY (*Undulata*). 8 to 12 inches. July and August. A very popular variety; leaves variegated white and green.

*WHITE DAY LILY (*Subcordata*). 1 to 2 feet. July and August. Large light green leaves, flowers purest white.

CORAL LILY (Siherian) (*L. Tenuifolium*). One of the most delicate and charming species. 1 to 2 feet high, with 1 to 15 or more nodding rich scarlet flowers.

ELEGANS LILY (*L. Elegans*). These hardy lilies are very showy and of easiest culture, producing, during the early summer, their brilliant flowers very freely. The following are all attractive varieties.

VAR. AURORA. Deep rich orange, suffused scarlet.

VAR. BICOLOR. Bright red flushed orange, very showy and large.

VAR. LEONARD JOERG. Rich apricot spotted; very fine.

VAR. PAINTED CHIEF. Bright flame color.

VAR. ROBUSTA. Magnificent large flower; orange spotted black.

VAR. SANGUINEUM. Very rich dark red with few spots.

VAR. WALLACEI. One of the smaller and later forms; a very reliable one for general use.

GOLDEN-BANDED LILY (*L. Auratum*). This is a most popular lily. No species ever had so much general favor. Flowers white, with a central golden band and numerous deep purple spots. Height, 2 to 6 feet. July and August. Late November delivery.

HANSON'S LILY (*L. Maculatum*). Attains a height of 3 feet. Flowers reddish orange, six to ten in a cluster; petals thick and durable. A rare Japanese lily.

MADONNA LILY (*L. Candidum*). Handsome, large, fragrant, pure white flowers. Easy of culture; does best when left undisturbed after planting. August and September are the best months to plant.

SPECIOSUM LILY WHITE (*L. Speciosum Album*). One of the best garden lilies; purest white. Very hardy. Late November delivery.

SPECIOSUM LILY, RED (*L. Speciosum Rubrum*). One of the most showy of lilies of medium height and not difficult to grow in any good garden soil. Like the preceding other than color, which is rosy red, beautifully marked with deeper red. Late November delivery.

The above Lilies are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clumps can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left. Stock will be potted to order and held for any delivery date.

| | Each. | Per 10. | Per 100. |
|---------------------------------|-------|---------|----------|
| *Very strong Field Clumps | 50c. | \$4.00 | \$35.00 |
| Extra selected | 25c. | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| Medium size | 15c. | 1.25 | 10.00 |

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

TIGER LILY VAR. SPLENDENS (*L. Tigrinum*). This is an improved Tiger Lily and a most beautiful lily for general use.

TIGER LILY (Double). Similar to above other than the flowers, which are quite double. Very desirable.

TORCH LILY (*Kniphofia Aloidess*). 2 to 3 feet. August to October. Orange and scarlet. Known as the Red Hot Poker. A desirable border plant.

TURK'S CAP LILY (*L. Superbum*). This native lily is one of the finest and most hardy of all lilies.

It often attains a height of 6 feet, and produces a large number of flowers. Its flowers are bright orange in color, with dark spots.



Yellow Garden Lilies. Hemerocallis.

Yellow Garden Lilies. (Hemerocallis).

These beautiful and fragrant golden lilies are of the easiest culture, succeeding in almost any garden soil. They are remarkably free from the enemies that so unfortunately beset so many of our garden favorites. By a selection from the following list, these beautiful lilies can be had in flower from May to August. The leaf growth starts very early in the spring, adding a pleasing light green to the border where they are used. This growth quickly sheets up into a graceful clump of flowing rich green foliage, which lends its attraction to the garden border. Springing from this growth graceful flower spikes appear, liberally supplied with flowers and buds for several weeks. The color is from soft lemon to richest apricot yellow and deep orange, varying with the variety. Fragrance delightful. No other one class of strictly hardy garden lilies can be depended on to do more towards delightful permanent garden effects.

VARIETIES OF YELLOW GARDEN LILIES. (See illustration).

AURANTIACA VAR. MAJOR (*Hemerocallis*). Orange yellow, new and rare. 2 to 2½ feet. June and July. Large and rich. 50c. each.

***EARLY LEMON LILY** (*H. Minor*). 1 to 2 feet. Early June. Striking lemon yellow, fragrant.

***EARLY YELLOW LILY** (*H. Dumortierii*). 1 to 1½ feet. June. Deep yellow and fragrant, quite dwarf and makes a splendid foreground plant.

***LEMON LILY** (*H. Flava*). 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Clear lemon yellow; fragrant. This old garden lily is a great favorite.

***MIDDENDORF'S LILY** (*H. Middendorffiana*). 1 to 2 feet. June to July. Deep golden yellow.

***ORANGE MAN LILY** (*H. Orange Man*). 1 to 2 feet. July and August. Rich deep orange; very beautiful.

***ORANGE LILY** (*H. Fulva*). 2 to 4 feet. July and August. This grand old lily is now much in demand. It is splendid for naturalizing in large masses. Large quantities at special prices for naturalizing along drives, etc.

ORANGE LILY VAR. KWANSO. Rich orange red; semi-double; very effective and desirable.

ORANGE LILY VAR. VARIEGATA. A form of the orange lily with variegated green and white foliage, which forms a very striking effect.

***THUNBERG'S LEMON LILY** (*H. Thunbergii*). Late blooming Lemon Lily. 2 to 3 feet. July and August. Fragrant and very desirable. Rich lemon yellow.

***LILY OF THE VALLEY** (*Convallaria Majalis*). A popular favorite and once planted increases in beauty for many years. Pips (single crowns), each 5c.; per 10, 45c.; per 100, \$4.00. Clumps of roots, see price below.



Lily of the Valley.

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|---------------------------------|-------|---------|----------|
| *Very strong Field Clumps | 50c. | \$4.00 | \$35.00 |
| Extra selected | 25c. | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| Medium size | 15c. | 1.25 | 10.00 |

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

AUTUMN PLANTING.

18

THE ELM CITY NURSERY CO., NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT.

LILY-OF-VALLEY, see Lilies, page 17.

LINUM PERENNE, see Flax.

LOBELIA CARDINALIS (Cardinal Flower). 2 to 3 feet. August and September. Rich, fiery red flowers, handsome for the border.

***LOTUS CORNICULATUS** (Baby's Slippers). July to November. Bright yellow; spreading on the ground. Good foreground border plants.

***LYCHNIS CHALCEDONICA** (Scarlet Lightning). 1 to 2 feet. May and June. Very fine border plant.

***LYCHNIS CHALCEDONICA VAR. ALBA**. 2 to 3 feet. June to July. White flowered form.

***LYCHNIS VISCARIA VAR. ALBA**. 12 to 15 inches. May and June. White. A very dainty plant with evergreen foliage.

***LYCHNIS VISCARIA VAR. SPLENDENS** (Ragged Robin). 12 to 15 inches. May and June. Produces masses of very brilliant rose colored flowers, resembling Scotch Pinks.

***LYSIMACHIA BARYSTACHYS**. 1 foot. June to August. Flowers white.

LYSIMACHIA NUMMULARIA (Creeping Jenny). June and July. A splendid cover plant. Brilliant, showy, yellow flowers.

LYTHRUM ROSEUM. (Loosestrife Purple). 3 to 4 feet high. July and August. Long branching spikes of attractive pink flowers.

***MALLOW** (*Hibiscus Moscheutos Rosea*) (Swamp Rose Mallow). A tall, thrifty plant, desirable for sunny place. Flowers large, rose colored, very showy.

***MALLOW VAR. CRIMSON EYE**. Pure white, with deep crimson eye. Very choice and new. Perfectly hardy either in common garden soil or very wet place.

***MALLOW, RED MARVEL**. Similar to the preceding, the best of this type. Bright rosy red. Price, strong blooming size, 75 cents.

MARSH-MALLOW, see Mallow.

MEADOW RUE, see Thalictrum.

MEADOW SWEET, see Spiraea.

MISCANTHUS, see Grasses.

MONARDA, see Bee-Balm.

MONKSHOOD (*Aconitum Autumnale*). 5 to 6 feet. September, October. Deep blue and a stately showy plant.

MONKSHOOD (*Aconitum Fisheri*). 4 to 6 feet. August and September. Light blue.

MONKSHOOD (*Aconitum Napellus*). 3 to 4 feet. June to July. Deep blue.

MONKSHOOD (*Aconitum Napellus Bi-Color*). 3 to 4 feet. July and August. Blue, mottled with white.

MONKSHOOD (*Aconitum Wilsonii*). 4 to 6 feet. August and September. Deep blue.

MOSS-PINK, see Phlox.

MYOSOTIS PALUSTRIS, see Forget-me-not.

***MYRTLE BLUE** (*Vinca Minor*). In 4 inch pots. 25c. each. \$2.00 per 10. \$18.00 per 100.

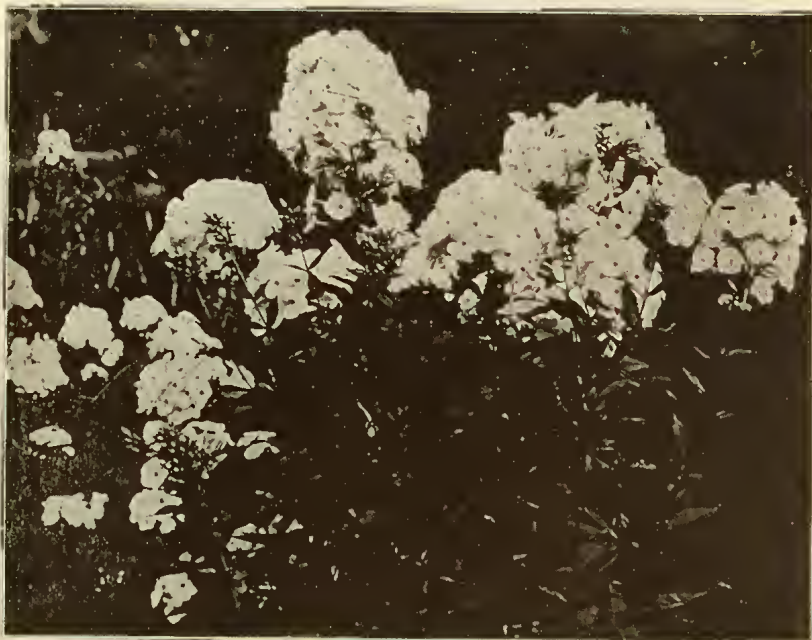
One of the best evergreen plants for covering the ground and is a success in quite shady places, provided the ground is fertile.

***MYRTLE WHITE** (*Vinca Minor Var. Alba*).

A pure white variety of preceding.

OENOTHERA, see Primrose.

***PACHYSANDRA TERMINALIS**. 6 to 8 inches. Foliage evergreen and very much resembles our interesting native wood plant, *Princess Pine*. It is perfectly adapted to the shade under trees, and will form a solid evergreen covering where grass will not grow.



Hardy Phlox (*Phlox Paniculata*). See page 19.

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| Strong Field Grown, usual size (Express recommended)..... | 25c. | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| Smaller size (mostly field grown) | 15c. | 1.25 | 10.00 |

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.



Oriental Poppy.
See page 20.

PAEONIA, see page 15.

PAPAVIER, see Poppy.

***PEA PERENNIAL** (*Lathyrus Latifolius*). 5 to 6 feet. June to October. Rosy pink.

***PEA PERENNIAL VAR. ALBA**. A white variety of preceding.

***PEA PERENNIAL VAR. PINK BEAUTY**. A new and very beautiful.

***PENSTEMON BARBATUM**. July and August. 2 to 3 feet. Brilliant red tube-like flowers in loose panicles.

PERIWINKLE, see Myrtle.

***PHLOX AMOENA**. 3 to 5 inches. April and May. Very desirable for carpeting the ground and for rockeries. Bright pink.

PHLOX DIVARIACATA (Wild Sweet William). 6 to 8 inches. April and May. Lilac, showy; Very attractive and desirable.

PHLOX, *Paniculata*, Tall Garden Varieties.

Hardy Phloxes are now among the most popular of hardy garden flowers and justly so. Perfectly hardy, easy to make thrive, and producing gorgeous color effects. The following list has been selected from our large collection as comprising the cream of the distinct colors. Other varieties can also be supplied.

ETNA. Tall, bright red, tinged with salmon.
GENERAL VON HEUTSZ. Medium, scarlet, shaded rose with crimson-red eye; a very desirable variety.

HERMINE. Very dwarf, pure white.

INDEPENDENCE. Tall grower, late bloomer, fine large creamy white flowers.

JOCELYN. Tall grower, light rosy pink.

L'EVENMENT. Dwarf, bright, soft pink, tinted salmon, very showy.

LE MAHDI. Tall, deep reddish-violet with darker eye, very fine.

PANTHEON. Tall, bright, rose, flowers very large.

RICHARD WALLACE. Tall, pure white, with bright crimson center, large flowers in immense panicles.

VON HOCHBERG. Tall, the ideal Crimson Phlox, the richest of its color.

PHLOX OVATA. 5 to 6 inches. May. Low mat of evergreen foliage. Flowers rosy pink.

PHLOX SUBULATA (Moss Pink). See illustration on first page. 3 to 4 inches. May. Forms low, flat masses of evergreen foliage. When in bloom presents a solid mass of color.

***VAR. ALBA**. A white form of the above.

***VAR. ATRO-RUBRA**. Clear deep claret.

***VAR. SADIE**. White, shaded with lilac.

***PHYSOSTEGIA VIRGINICA** (False Dragon Head). 3 to 4 feet. July and August. Effective spikes of clear pink flowers.

***PHYSOSTEGIA VIRGINICA VAR. ALBA**. 3 to 4 feet. July to August. A white form.

***PINKS, MAIDEN** (*Dianthus Deltoides*). 6 to 10 inches. May to July. Small fragrant pink flowers. Evergreen bluish green foliage.

***PINKS, SCOTCH** (*Dianthus Plumarius*). 9 to 12 inches. May and June. Pink, fragrant.

***PINKS, SCOTCH, VAR. HER MAJESTY**. 9 to 12 inches. May and June. Double white; fragrant. As large and finely formed as a carnation pink.

***PINKS, SCOTCH, VAR. WHITE RESERVE**. 9 to 12 inches. May to July. Beautiful double white and very fragrant.

***PINKS, SWEET WILLIAMS** (*Dianthus Barbat-*

us). 1 to 2 feet. July to September. Dear to the heart of many a flower lover, the literature of the old-time garden teems with pleasant references to this splendid plant. Perfectly hardy and easily grown, its brilliant flowers lasting for many weeks.

ALL COLORS MIXED. No end of combinations of color.

EMPEROR WILLIAM. The most intense velvety crimson red imaginable.

***PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORUM** (Balloon Flower). 2 to 3 feet. June to October.

Resembles the Campanulas. The large blue bell-like flowers are produced in clusters of from three to six. Plant blooms all summer and is very hardy and desirable.

***PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORUM VAR. ALBUM**. 2 to 3 feet. June to October.

A white form of the above. Both are fine for cutting.

PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORUM VAR. MARIESI. 1 foot. June to October.

Deep blue bells 3 inches across.

POLEMONIUM COERULEUM, see Jacob's Ladder.

POLYGONIUM SIEBOLDI (Giant Smart Weed). 8 to 10 feet. July and August. White.

***POPPY, ICELAND** (*Papaver Nudicaule*). 1 to 2 feet. June to November.

These interesting little poppies with their smooth bluish green foliage and bright golden to orange flowers produced at intervals all summer, are among our most desirable garden plants.

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| | Each. | Per 10. | Per 100. |
|--|-------|---------|----------|
| *Very strong Field Clumps (<i>Express or Freight</i>)..... | 50c. | \$4.00 | \$35.00 |
| Strong Field Grown, usual size (<i>Express recommended</i>)..... | 25c. | 2.00 | 15.00 |
| Smaller size (mostly field grown) | 15c. | 1.25 | 10.00 |

FOR SPECIAL DISCOUNTS SEE INSIDE FRONT COVER PAGE.

POPPY ORIENTAL (*Papaver Orientale*). 2 to 3 feet. June and July. Great showy flowers of the most dazzling brilliancy. No trouble with their transplanting successfully if done in the autumn.

The following varieties of this beautiful oriental poppy range in color from silvery pink to the deepest red-black.

DAZZLER. The most brilliant fiery scarlet.

GOLIATH. Enormous scarlet flowers.

LADY ROSCOE. New, distinct, terra-cotta.

MAHONY. Darkest carmine-purple.

MARIE STUDDHOLM. Pure salmon silvery shading with touch of carmine.

PRINCESS VICTORIA LOUISE. Pure rose.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA. Clear salmon rose.

REMBRANDT. Enormous size, distinct shade of orange salmon.

SILVERBLICK. Large handsome bloom of the true Oriental Poppy, scarlet.

POTENTILLA (Garden Hybrids). May to September. 6 to 12 inches. Very desirable border plant. Handsome foliage, brilliant rose-like flowers.

PRIMROSE EVENING (*Oenothera Serrulata*). 1 foot. May and June. One of the best clear yellow flowers of low growth, especially showy in the early evenings and on cloudy days.

PRIMROSE (*Oenothera Missouriensis*). 6 to 12 inches. July. Mat of bright foliage and large brilliant yellow flowers.

PYRETHRUM ROSEUM (Pink Daisy). 2 to 3 feet. June to August. Rose. Desirable plants with a growth similar to our field daisy.

PYRETHRUM ULIGINOSUM, see Chrysanthemum.

RAGGED ROBIN, see Lychnis.

RANUNCULUS, see Buttercup.

ROCK CRESS (*Arabis Albida*). See illustration on first page. $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 foot. April. A beautiful low-growing plant with velvety foliage, which is evergreen. Mass of snow-white in April, making it one of the earliest plants to bloom.

***RUDBECKIA LACINIATA** (Cone-flower). 6 to 10 feet. July to September. Golden yellow.

***RUDBECKIA LACINIATA VAR. FL. PL.** 6 to 10 feet. July to September. This is the extremely popular Golden-Glow. It is one of the most desirable tall-growing hardy plants ever introduced. The blooms, of a rich golden yellow, are produced with great freedom and resemble double cactus dahlias.

RUDBECKIA MAXIMA. 2 to 3 feet. August and September. Golden Yellow.

***RUDBECKIA SPECIOSA VAR. NEWMANII**. 2 to 3 feet. July and August. Pure yellow, dark disk.

***RUDBECKIA SUBTOMENTOSA** (Black-Eyed Susan). 2 to 3 feet. July to October. Yellow, dark cone.

SANDWORT (*Arenaria Grandiflora*). 6 inches. May. Close-growing evergreen plant, forming a carpet of verdure. Very desirable for rock work; pure white.

***SAXIFRAGA CRASSIFOLIA** (Rockfoil). 1 to 2 feet. May. Rose lilac.

SEA HOLLY (*Eryngium Planum*). 3 to 4 feet. July to August. Finely cut shiny foliage with thistle-like flowers of amethystine blue.

SEA LAVENDER, see Statice.

SEA PINK, see Thrift.

***SEDUM ACRE** (Stone Crop). Fine for rockeries. 2 to 3 inches. June and July. Yellow.

***SEDUM ALBUM**. 3 to 4 inches. July and August. White, red center.

***SEDUM OPPOSITIFOLIUM**. 3 to 4 inches. July. White flower. Opposite leaved.

***SEDUM SIEBOLDII**. 3 to 4 inches. August to September. Flowers bright pink.

***SEDUM SPECTABILE** (Showy Sedum). 1 to 2 feet. September and October.

A splendid garden plant, the showy flat panicles of rosy pink being very effective.

SEMPERVIVUM PYRENAICUM (Houseleek) (Hen and Chickens). 6 inches. July and August. Fine for rockeries. Habit and blooming very attractive and interesting.

SHASTA DAISY, see Daisy.

***SNEEZE WEED** (*Helenium Autumnale*). 6 to 7 feet. August and September.

One of the best tall-growing garden plants. Flowers golden yellow.

***SNEEZE WEED VAR. GRANDICEPHALUM CUPREUM**. 3 to 4 feet. July to September.

This new variety of *Helenium* produces coppery red flowers of a rich shade.

SNEEZE WEED VAR. RIVERTON GEM. 4 to 5 feet. July to September. Similar to preceding but of deepest bronzy red.

SPECIOSUM LILY, see page 16.

SPEEDWELL, see Veronica.

SPIDERWORT, see Tradescantia.

***SPIRAEA ARUNCUS** (*Aruncus Sylvester*). 5 to 6 feet. May and June. Creamy white.

A desirable, strong-growing plant, fine for backgrounds to herbaceous borders.

***SPIRAEA CHINENSIS** (*Astilbe Chinensis*). 2 to 3 feet. June. Pink to rose. Very desirable.

***SPIRAEA FILIPENDULA FL. PL.** (*Ulmaria Filipendula*). 2 to 3 feet. May and June.

Beautiful fern-like foliage which remains fresh and green throughout the summer. Flowers are produced on spikes and are white and very graceful and double.

***SPIRAEA JAP. VAR. GRANDIFLORA**. 1 to 2 feet. May and June. Creamy white.

***SPIRAEA JAPONICA VAR. PEACH BLOSSOM**. (New). 12 to 18 inches. May, June. Flowers deep delicate shade of pink.

***SPIRAEA JAPONICA VAR. QUEEN ALEXANDRA**. (New). 12 to 18 inches. May, June. Flowers soft delicate pink.

***SPIRAEA PALMATA** (*U. Purpurea Var. Elegans*). 2 to 3 feet. May and June. Light pink.

***SPIRAEA PALMATA VAR. RUBRA** (*U. Purpurea Var. Rubra*). 2 to 6 feet. May and June. Deep rose red.

***SPIRAEA PENTAPETALA** (Double) (*U. Pentapetala Var. Fl. Pl.*) 2 to 3 feet. May and June. Old garden plant; pure white flowers on spikes and very attractive.

STACHYS BETONICA (Betony). 1 foot. June. Attractive, clear pink spikes.

***STACHYS LANATA** (Woolly Woundwort). 1 to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet. July and August.

Valuable for its very pearly, velvety foliage and rich red flowers on spikes.

***STATICE LATIFOLIA** (Sea Lavender). 1 to 2 feet. August and September.

A beautiful plant producing a cluster of broad evergreen leaves from 4 to 8 inches long, bearing small blue flowers in profusion. Thrives at seashore.

STOKESIA CYANEA, see Aster.

STONE CROP, see Sedum.

The above Hardy Herbaceous Plants are offered in three sizes, as follows, unless otherwise noted. The very heavy field clones can only be supplied in the sorts marked with a * to the left. Stock will be potted to order and held for any delivery date.

| | Each. | Per 10. | Per 100. |
|---|-------|---------|----------|
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SUNFLOWER (Graceful) (*Helianthus Orgyalis*). 5 to 7 feet. October and November.

The tall flower spikes of the plant produced so late in the season with their medium sized, sunflower-like blooms, disposed all along the stems, made it especially useful.

SUNFLOWER (Miss Mellish) (*H. Rigidus Var.*) 1 to 3 feet. July to September. Sparingly branched; rough; flowers rich yellow. One of the best.

SUNFLOWER (Pearl) (*H. Decapetalus Multiflorus Fl. Fl.*) 2 to 4 feet. August to October. Resembles a golden double dahlia.



Sweet William, see Pinks.
See page 19.

SWEET WILLIAM, see Pinks.

THALICTRUM AQUILEGIFOLIUM (Feathered Columbine). 1 to 3 feet. May to July. White.

THALICTRUM MINUS VAR. ADIANTIFOLIUM. 1 to 2 feet. July and August. Foliage delicately arranged and graceful.

THALICTRUM POLYGONUM (Rue Anemone). 2 to 3 feet. July and August. White. A very graceful native plant which thrives well in the garden.

THRIFT (*Armeria Maritima Splendens*). 9 inches. July and August. Evergreen tufts of bright green foliage, from which innumerable flowers appear in dense beads. Pink.

***THYMUS CITIODORA AUREA** (Golden Thyme). Very trailing. Orange scented.

***THYMUS SERPIYLLUM** (White Mt. Thyme). May. Forming dense mats of dark green foliage with white flowers.

TIGER LILY, see page 17.

***TRADESCANTIA VIRGINICA** (Spider Wort). 1 to 2 feet. June to August. Blue; grass-like foliage.

***TRADESCANTIA VIRGINICA ALBA**. White form, and very attractive.

TRITOMA OR TORCH LILY, see Lily, page 17.

TROLLIUS, see Globe Flower.

TUNICA SAXIFRAGA (Rock Tunica). 1 to 2 feet. July and August. Small clear pink flowers, produced in such an abundance as to give a pleasing effect.

ULMARIA, see Spiraea.

***VALERIANA OFFICINALIS** (Garden Heliotrope). 4 to 6 feet. June and July. White, fragrant. An old garden favorite.

***VERONICA LONGIFOLIA VAR. SUBSESSILIS**. 2 to 3 feet. July and September. Spikes of showy flowers of the deepest clear blue make this plant very desirable.

***VERONICA INCANA** (Hoary Speedwell). 1 to 2 feet. July to September. Blue.

VINCA, see Myrtle.

VIOLA, see Violet.

VIOLET, CRESTED (*Viola Cornuta Hybrida*). Beautiful pansy-like violets with glossy foliage; blooms all summer. Variety of color.

VIOLET, CRESTED WHITE (*V. Cornuta Var. Alba*). Like the preceding; with pure white flowers.

VIOLET, ENGLISH (*V. Odorata Var. Fl. Pl.*) The true double, sweet-scented English hardy violet. Color is of the deepest blue.

VIOLET, ENGLISH DOUBLE WHITE (*V. O. Var. Alba Fl. Pl.*) Another beautiful form. Flowers double white, very large, tinted with pale blue.

***YARROW, THE PEARL** (*A. Ptarmica Var. Fl. Pl.*) 1 to 2 feet. May to October. Double white. A very effective plant, especially when in bloom. Much prized as a cut flower.

***YARROW, RED** (*A. Millefolium Var. Rubra*). 1 to 3 feet. June to October. Aromatic, fern-like foliage, which is very ornamental. Wine red.

***YARROW, WOOLY** (*A. Tomentosum*). 8 to 10 inches. June and July. Bright yellow flowers.

YELLOW LILIES, see page 17.

YUCCA, see Lily, page 16.

PHOTOGRAPHS OF ATTRACTIVE GARDENS AND FINE INDIVIDUAL TREES AND PLANTS.

We are always glad to receive photographs and are quite willing to pay liberally for those we can use to illustrate attractive gardens, etc.

The plants reached me yesterday in perfect condition and I understand now why you sent the order by freight, being a very heavy box. I want to thank you again for sending me such fine plants, and indeed, I hope you meet the success which you so well deserve in the treatment you give your customers.

The Lilac bushes and grape vines you sent me arrived in perfect condition. I thank you for sending me such fine plants.

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Pot-Grown Strawberry Plants.



Strawberry
Pot-Grown.

If *pot-grown* strawberry plants are set out in well-prepared ground during the months of September or early October, they will produce a good crop of berries the following season. The many advantages gained by the use of *pot-plants*, even at the advance in price over the ordinary layer-plants, make their use advisable even where large plantations are to be made, and for the garden offer every advantage, as they can follow garden vegetable crops.

Pistillate and Staminate.

Varieties marked "P" are pistillate, and the varieties marked "S" are staminate. Every fourth row at least or every fourth plant in a row should be a staminate variety to get the best results.

How Far Apart to Plant.

If for garden cultivation, plant in rows 18 inches apart and one foot apart in the row. If for field cultivation, plant in rows three to four feet apart and from 12 to 15 inches apart in the row. *If selection of variety is left to us, we will send the kinds we believe will give the best results.*

Select List of Well-Tested Varieties.

Brandywine. (S.) Of immense size, firm, solid and shapely. Flesh red to the core and delicious.

Chesapeake. (S.) One of the finest of the newer varieties. Vigorous grower, free bearer. Of the highest quality. Late.

Gandy. (S.) The leading late variety. Very robust habit, large, firm and good quality.

Lester Lovett. (S.) A giant in growth and extra late. Quality of a high, rich flavor, and with delightful aroma.

McKintley. (S.) Vigorous, healthy and great yielder, delicious fruit. Ripening in mid-season.

Rio. (P.) Very early, being the first really good berry to ripen. Medium size.

Senator Dunlap. (S.) Large, regular and attractive berry. Deep red. Excellent in quality. Early.

William Belt. (P.) Early season. Luxuriant grower and very productive. Fruit often of enormous size. Rich colored, firm, of the best quality.

Prices of Strawberry Plants.

| | | | |
|--|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Pot-grown, ready August 25th | Each, \$0.06 | Per 10, \$0.50 | Per 100, \$4.00 |
| Layer Plants, ready September 20th | Each, .04 | Per 10, .30 | Per 100, 1.25 |
| Layer Plants, after October 20th | Each, .03 | Per 10, .20 | Per 100, 1.00 |

Not less than 5 of a kind at per 10 rates; 25 of a kind at per 100 rates.
If by mail add one cent each. 50 or more express advised.

Garden Herbs and Other Hardy Roots.

Catnip. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.

Chives. (Clumps). Each, 15 cts.; 10, \$1.25.

Fennel. Spring planting recommended.

Hop-Vine. Spring planting recommended.

Horseradish. Each, 5 cts.; per 10, 40 cts.; per 100, \$2.50.

Peppermint. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.

Rhubarb. (Pie-Plant). Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.00. Larger roots, each 25 cts.; 10, \$2.

Sage. Holt's Mammoth. Each, 20 cts.; per 10, \$1.50; per 100, \$8.00.

Spearmint. Meadow Mint. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.

Tansy. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.

Tarragon. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.

Thyme. Orange Scented. Each, 15 cts.; per 10, \$1.25.

Wormwood. (Artemisia). Each, 15 cts.

California Privet.

(*Ligustrum Ovalifolium*).

The Universal Hedge Plant.

This shrub is now in general demand as a hedge plant. It will grow everywhere, even in quite a shady location, in a crowded city atmosphere or on the seashore. Leaves are bright glossy green and almost evergreen. Transplants without loss and can be trimmed into any desired shape. "*How to Plant a Privet Hedge*" is a special circular we send out. Ask for it.

PRICES.

| | Each. | Per 10. | Per 100. | Per 1000. |
|---|-------|---------|----------|-----------|
| Specimens, 4 to 8 feet, \$1.00 to \$10.00 | | | | |
| <i>Hedge Grades:</i> | | | | |
| 36 to 40 inches.... | .25 | \$1.50 | \$10.00 | \$70.00 |
| 30 to 36 inches.... | .15 | 1.25 | 8.00 | 60.00 |
| 24 to 30 inches.... | .10 | .75 | 6.00 | 50.00 |
| 18 to 24 inches.... | .08 | .60 | 5.00 | 40.00 |
| 12 to 18 inches.... | .06 | .50 | 4.00 | 30.00 |

Plant any time you are ready. Early Fall gives the stock a chance to get well rooted before Winter.



California Privet.



Edgewood, home of the late Donald G. Mitchell (Ik Marvel).

Fall Planting

The question of *when to plant* is most important. Practically all hardy trees (Ornamental and Fruit), Flowering-shrubs, Vines, Roses, Berries, Grape-vines, etc., can be set out to special advantage in the Fall. The exceptions are very few. There prevails a general belief that fall planting should be delayed until the frost strips the trees of their leaves. Practical experience proves this to be an error. The fact is, that whenever a tree matures its summer growth it is in good condition for transplanting, and in many instances, early fall transplanting is a decided advantage. When one considers that in the fall we enjoy comparative leisure, and help is usually plentiful, and that in the spring one is overwhelmed with things to do and help is hard to get, the practical advantages of fall planting are evident.

You are most cordially invited to visit our Nurseries. A rare treat is in store for the nature lover. The Nursery has assembled about their grounds, after many years of painstaking research, some of the choicest plants and trees to be found in the world, including among other interesting features, a rare collection of Japanese dwarf plants, which is alone well worth a visit. Our new department of garden accessories includes some fine examples of Sun-dial-pedestals, Garden-seats, Bird-bowls, etc., in stone, concrete and wood.

Charming grounds brimming with the wealth of good things that fill the eye with delight are the kind of gardens quite worth striving for. Equally beautiful gardens to the one below illustrated can be produced within a short time at a cost that can be very moderate. Such accessories as pergolas, fountains, garden seats, etc., can be so constructed that the cost is very small or if taste and pocketbook so decide the styles of these garden features can be made very elaborate.





JAPANESE IRIS.

Autumn Planting

EVERGREENS

HERBACEOUS PLANTS

TREES AND SHRUBS

STRAWBERRY PLANTS (POTS)

THE ELM CITY NURSERY COMPANY

NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

GERMAN IRIS.

